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# United Arab Emirates University

College of Education

Curriculum & Instruction Department

## COMPUTER-ASSISTED LANGUAGE LEARNING (CALL) IMPACT ON STUDENTS' READING ACHIEVEMENT AND THEIR ATTITUDE TOWARDS ITS USE

Ayeda Abdulla Saeed Al Shebli

This thesis is submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Education (Curriculum and Instruction)

Under the Supervision of Dr. AbdurRahman AlMekhlafi

December 2014

# **Declaration of Original Work**

I, Ayeda Abdulla Saeed Al Shebli, the undersigned, a graduate student at the United
Arab Emirates University (UAEU), and the author of this thesis entitled "Computer-
Assisted Language Learning (CALL) impact on students' reading achievement and
their attitude towards its use", hereby, solemnly declare that this thesis is an original
research work that has been done and prepared by me under the supervision of Dr.
AbdurRahman AlMekhlafi, in the College of Education at UAEU. This work has not
been previously formed as the basis for the award of any academic degree, diploma or
a similar title at this or any other university. The materials borrowed from other
sources and included in my thesis have been properly cited and acknowledged.

Student's Signature	Date:

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**Abstract (in English)** 

This study sought to investigate the effects of computer-assisted language learning

(CALL) on students' reading achievement, and students' attitudes toward the use of

CALL. Two groups of grade 7 students participated in this study. At the beginning of

the study, both groups were given a pretest to evaluate these students' reading skills.

In the control group, students were taught through ordinary instruction. On the other

hand, in the experimental group; students used CALL to practice their reading skills.

At the end of the treatment, both groups were given a posttest in order to determine

whether there was any difference in their reading achievement. Then, the

experimental group completed a questionnaire in order to provide data on their

attitudes toward the use of CALL. Results showed a significant difference between

the experimental and the control groups in favor of students who learned and

practiced reading skills through CALL instruction. Furthermore, the results of the

questionnaire completed by the group that used CALL showed that students had

positive attitudes toward the use of CALL.

**Keywords:** Attitudes; CALL; English Education; Grade 7; Reading Achievement;

UAE

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#### **Title and Abstract in Arabic**

# تأثير برامج الحاسوب التعليمية على تحصيل الطلبة في مهارة القراءة ووجهات نظرهم في استخدامها

### الملخص

سعت هذه الدراسة إلى اكتشاف تأثير برامج الحاسوب التعليمية على تحصيل الطلبة في مهارة القراءة ووجهات نظرهم في استخدامها. شاركت مجموعتان من طلبة الصف السابع في هذه الدراسة. في بداية الدراسة أعطيت المجموعتان اختبار (ما قبل الاختبار) لتقييم مهارات الطالبات في القراءة. في المجموعة الضابطة، تم تعليم الطلبة من خلال التعليم العادي. من ناحية أخرى، في المجموعة التجريبية. استخدم الطلبة برامج الحاسوب التعليمية لممارسة مهارات القراءة لديهم. في نهاية العلاج، أعطيت كلا المجموعتين اختبار (بعد الاختبار) البعدي من أجل تحديد ما إذا كان هناك اختلاف في تحصيل الطلبة في مهارات القراءة. ثم، أكملت المجموعة التجريبية استبيان من أجل توفير بيانات عن مواقفهم تجاه استخدام برامج الحاسوب التعليمية.

أظهرت النتائج اختلافا بين المجموعتين من ناحية تحصيلهم في مهارات القراءة لصالح المجوعة التجريبية التي استخدمت برامج الحاسوب التعليمية. وعلاوة على ذلك, أظهرت نتائج الاستبيان أن وجهات نظر الطلبة في استخدام برامج الحاسوب التعليمية ايجابية.

كلمات البحث: برامج الحاسوب التعليمية, تحصيل مهارات القراءة, تعليم اللغة الانجليزية, الصف السابع, وجهات نظر الطلبة, الامارات العربية المتحدة

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## **Dedication**

To everyone who supported me in this study to make it possible

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